Universal Gravitation

Pre-Test - Post-Test

- 1. Newton hypothesized that the moon ______.
 - A) is a projectile.
 - B) is actually attracted to Earth the same as the apple.
 - C) has a force acting on it since it follows a curved path.
 - D) has tangential velocity that prevents it from falling into Earth.
 - E) all of the above
- 2. Gravitational forces are the weakest forces found in nature. Because of this
 - A) we cannot observe the gravitational effects between the earth and a pencil.
 - B) there is no gravitational force acting on two 1-kg masses.
 - C) small objects in space are not influenced by gravitational interactions.
 - D) we only observe gravitational effects when one of the masses involved is large.
- **3.** Inside a freely-falling elevator, there would be no _____.
 - A) gravitational force acting on you.
- C) both A and B.
- B) apparent weight for you.
- D) none of these.
- 4. If you were to weigh yourself in an elevator that is accelerating upward, compared to your ordinary weight you would weigh _____
 - A) more.

C) less, but more than zero.

B) the same.

- D) zero.
- 5. Passengers in a high flying passenger jet feel their normal weight in flight, while astronauts in an orbiting space shuttle do not. This is because the astronauts
 - A) are beyond the main pull of Earth's gravity.
 - B) are above the Earth's atmosphere.
 - C) are without a supporting force.
 - D) all of the above.
- 6. Suppose the gravitational force between two massive balls is 10 N. If the distance between the balls is cut in half, what is the force between the masses?
 - A) 2.5 N

C) 20 N

B) 5 N

- D) 40 N
- 7. A woman who normally weighs 400 N stands on top of a very tall ladder so she is one earth radius above the earth's surface. How much does she weigh there?
 - A) zero.

C) 200 N

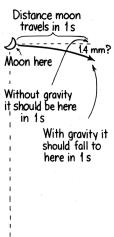
B) 100 N

D) 400 N

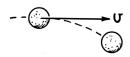
Universal Gravitation

Newton's Law of Universal Gravitation

- 1. How many stars are there in the night time sky?
- **2.** What law does the movement of every object in the universe follow?
- 3. Who discovered gravity?
- 4. What was it that Newton discover about gravity?
- 5. What role did the apple play in Newton's discovery?
- **6.** Why did Newton reason that the Moon was falling?



7. Why doesn't the Moon hit Earth?

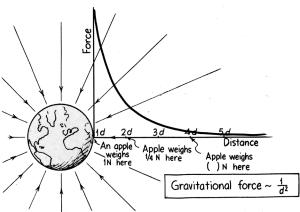




8. What is Newton's formula universal gravitation?

Inverse-Square Law

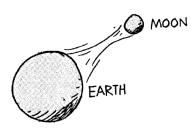
9. How does the force of gravity change with distance?



- **10.** What happens to the gravitational force between two objects if one of the masses doubles? Triples? Quadruples?
- 11. What happens to the gravitational force between two objects if the distance between them doubles? Triples? Quadruples?

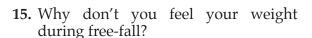


- **12.** Imagine a person (400 N), standing on a ladder that is exactly one earthradius tall. By how much would their weight change?
- 13. Which pulls harder, the Earth or the Moon?

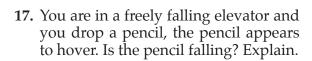


Weight and Weightless

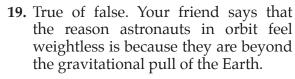
14. Why do we experience weight?

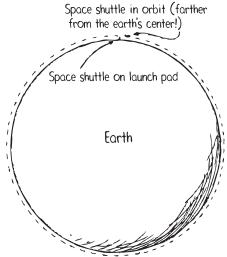


16. Distinguish between true and apparent weightlessness.

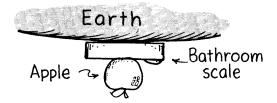


18. Why do passengers in a high-altitude jet feel the sensation of weight while passengers in an orbiting space vehicle such as the space shuttle do not?





- 20. How far from the Earth would you have to travel to escape the Earth's gravity?
- 21. Where would you have to travel to find true weightlessness?
- **22.** The weight of an apple near the surface of the Earth is 1 N. What is the weight of the Earth in the gravitational field of the apple?



23. How much does the Earth weigh in your gravitational field?

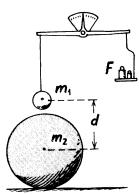
- **24.** Is the Earth's weight constant? Explain.
- 25. What would happen to your weight if the mass of the Earth or your mass doubled? What if both doubled?
- 30. What is the magnitude of the gravitational force between two 1 kilogram masses that are 1 meter apart?
- **31.** Explain the importance of Henry Cavendish's famous experiment.
- **26.** Every day the Earth gains mass from objects colliding with the Earth, how does this effect your weight?
- 32. Show the calculation for finding the mass of the earth.

Big "G" and Little "g"

27. Explain the difference between little " $g^{\overline{y}}$ " and big "G".

Finding Big "G"

28. What did Henry Cavendish discover?



29. What is the gravitational constant?

